MBM

istanbul matematiksel bilimler merkezi istanbul center for mathematical sciences

## TWO-DAY MINI-COURSE ON PROBABILITY

## The phase transition of the Erdős-Rényi random graph

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## Abstract

The mathematical theory of random graphs aims to model large complex networks (e.g., the web-graph or social networks) in order to understand phenomena related to the connectivity properties of the network (e.g., the emergence of epidemics).

The Erdős-Rényi random graph G(n, p) is the simplest of all random graph models: we draw an edge independently with probability p between any pair of n nodes. Despite its simple definition, G(n, p) already captures an interesting property of complex networks: the size distribution of connected clusters undergoes abrupt change as we increase p. This phenomenon is called a *phase transition* or the *emergence of the giant component*.

This two-day (2 + 2 = 4 hour-long) mini-course aims to present how (a) probability theory, (b) differential equations and (c) algorithmic graph theory can be used to understand the phase transition of G(n, p). It will be at a level accessible to undergraduate students with some background in probability.

Lecture I: Monday, November 16, 2015, from 17:00-19:00Lecture II: Wednesday, November 18, 2015, from 17:00-19:00Place: IMBM Seminar Room, Boğaziçi University South Campus



We thank the Turkish Mathematical Society for their financial support.